

SGR535/536 Series Rotary Torque Transducer







SGR535/536 series Torque Transducer

Torqsense Digital rotary strain gauge series (SGR) Transducers use non contact technology eliminating the need for noisy slip rings. They are suitable for torque measuring, testing, feedback control of drive mechanisms and process control applications.

The SGR series transducers use modern strain gauge signal conditioning techniques to provide a high bandwidth low cost torque measuring solution with high overrange and overload capabilities.

Benefits & Features

- Transducers from 175mNm to 13000 Nm.
- Large fully functional overrange capability of 250%
- Separate digital electronics
- Minimal side and end load errors
- Low linearity deviation of ± 0.05 % FSD
- Low hysteresis error of ± 0.05 % FSD
- Zero variation in torque signal with rotation (cyclic variation)
- Non contact signal transmission, no slip rings to wear out
- High digital sample rate of 4000 samples per second
- Speed measurement / Angle / Power computation
- Wide power supply range 12-32 VDC

Technology

The SGR series torque transducers use a full four element strain gauge bridge to measure the torsion present on a shaft. The full bridge helps to diminish errors from any off-axis forces that are sometimes unintentionally applied to the transducer in some test setups. The full bridge also increases the sensitivity and the temperature performance of strain measurement.

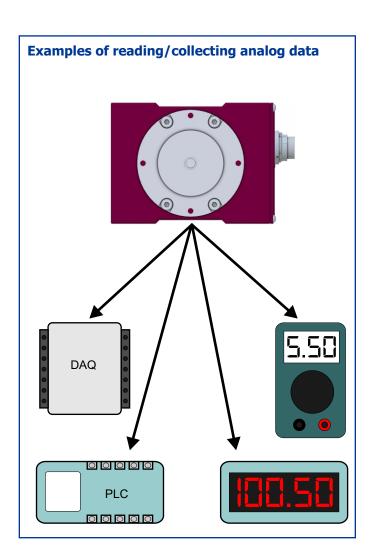
A rotor mounted ultra-miniature microcontroller measures the strain gauge bridge and transfers the information back to the stator digitally eliminating any noise pickup usually associated with slip ring and other analog methods of transferring torque data from rotor to stator. External noise pickup into the gauge wiring is virtually eliminated due to the short distance between the strain gauge elements and the rotors measuring circuits.

A multipoint calibration method reduces any linearity errors within the sensor. A large functional overrange capability allows the peaks of a torque signal to be captured more faithfully without any clipping when operating the sensor close to its full scale rating.

All this combined with a mechanical overload capability of over 400% make the SGR series torque sensors a very robust and accurate torque measuring solution.

TorqSense SGR535/536 transducers offer:

- SGR535 Torque measurement only
- **SGR536** Torque, speed & power measurement (360 pulses per revolution encoder)
- Fixed voltage or current analog outputs for interfacing with analog instrumentation. 3 channels are available, channel assignment based on model
- BIT Self-diagnostics Diagnostic system checks internal systems and operational conditions for faults, and monitors torque, speed and temperature for overscale conditions.
- Transducer status LED and simple "Sensor status" output pin, provide transducer health feedback.
- Sensors to monitor shaft temperature for better compensation and accuracy



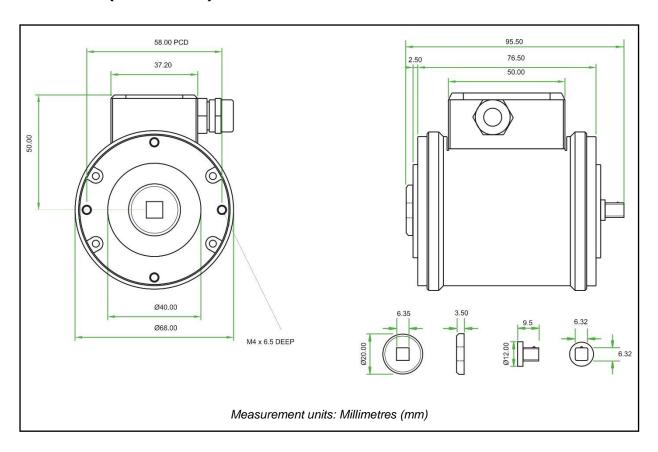
SGR535/536 Series Torque Transducers - Data Specification

Parameter	Condition			•	Data			Units	
SGR535/536 Torque meas	urement syste	m							
Measurement method Full bridge strain gauge									
		0 – 1	0 – 1.1 to 0 - 20	0 – 21 to 0 - 100	0 – 101 to 0 - 500	0 - 501 to 0 - 2000	0 – 2001 to 0 - 13000	Nm	
Torque range	(Notes 1 & 2)	[0 - 10]	[0 - 11 to 0 - 200]	[0 - 201 to 0 - 1000]	[0 - 1001 to 0 - 5000]	[0 - 5001	[0 - 20001 to 0 - 175000]	[lbfin]	
Shaft size (diameter)		6	12	20	30	50	75	mm	
Specifications									
Combined non-linearity and hysteresis			±0.1						
Resolution					0.01			%FS	
Repeatability					0.05			%FS	
Accuracy	20°C, SM (Note 4)				±0.2			%FS	
3dB Bandwidth	(Notes 5&6)			250 (de	fault ave. = 10	5)		Hz	
Analog output						,			
Output voltages (Torque/Speed/Power)		Options	available: ±1 /	′ ±5 / ±10 / Unip	oolar (SGR535	Series default setti	ing is ±5Vdc)	Vdc	
Load impedance				M	aximum 1			ΚΩ	
Output currents				Options availab	ole: 4-20 / 0-2	0 / 12±8		A	
(Torque/Speed/Power)						·		mA	
4-20mA Loop resistance		Should not exceed 400						Ω	
Rotation speed/angle of ro	otation measur	ement syster	n						
Measurement method		Opto switch through slotted disc							
Direct output signal			Pulse outp	ut direct from o	<u> </u>	L, 5V square wave	,		
Accuracy		Speed	: ±1rpm up to 3	30,000rpm		Angle: ±1º <i>(360 en</i>	coder only)		
Rotational speed (max)	(Note 3)	30,000	20,000	15,000	12,00	-,	6,000	RPM	
Digital Processing			sing Method	U	pdate rate fo	r analog and digi	tal outputs		
Techniques Processing modes run	Based on a		Slow Method)			1		Hz	
simultaneously and can be	standard	Frequ	ency Count	0.00	NA 1				
applied to either analog	60-line			0 RP	'M	1		1	
channel or accessed	grating.		(Fast Method) od Count	. 0.0	-DM	RPM		Hz	
individually via a digital	(Note 11)	Pen	ou count	> 0 R	IPM	[<u>RPM</u> 1000			
connection.	(**************************************								
Temperature Measurement method	T I		Ch	oft mounted pla	tinum tompor	turo concor			
Temperature accuracy		Shaft mounted platinum temperature sensor						°C	
Reference temperature T _{RT}		±1						0€	
' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '		20 0 to 100						0€	
Compensated range, ΔT_0 Usable range, ΔT_S		0 to +90						0€	
Temperature		-40 to +90 Coefficient of zero 0.002						%	
Temperature	+	Coefficient of zero 0.002 Coefficient of span 0.01						%	
Power supply				COEFFICIE	on span 0.0	1		70	
Nominal voltage, V _S				10+	to 32 (may)			V	
Current consumption, I _S		12 to 32 (max)						mA	
Power consumption, W _S		250 (max) @ 12 VDC						W	
Allowed residual ripple of	+		<u>3</u> 500						
supply voltage, V _{ripple}		(above nominal supply voltage)					mVp-p		
Electromagnetic compatib	ility			(2.2.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1.2.1		<i>-</i> - /			
EMC compatibility				EN 6	61326:2006				
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^{*} For notes, please see glossary page

SGR535/536 Series Torque Transducers

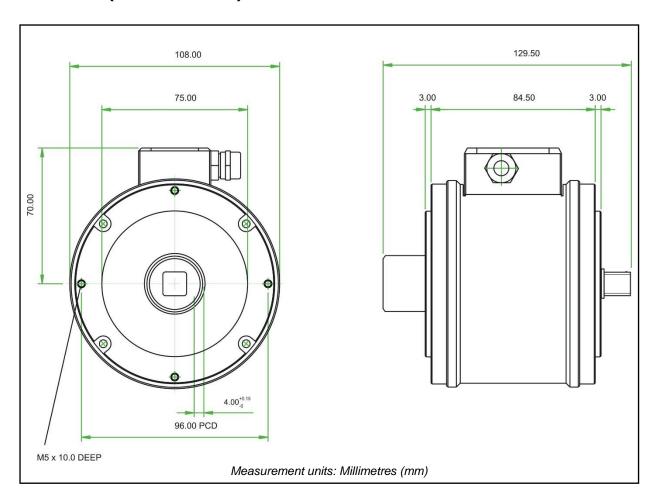
Dimensions (1Nm to 20Nm)



Parameter	Data						Units				
Mechanical Properties											
Torque (Max)	0.225	0.6	1	2.5	3.5	6	8.5	13	17.5	20	Nm
Shaft Code	CD	CE	CF	DA	DF	DB	DC	DG	DD	DE	
Standard Shaft Type	Square										
Shaft Size (Diameter)	Standard ¼" Square										
Torsional Stiffness	TBC	TBC	TBC	TBC	TBC	TBC	TBC	TBC	TBC	TBC	KNm/rad
Mass moment of inertia, L _V	TBC	TBC	TBC	TBC	TBC	TBC	TBC	TBC	TBC	TBC	×10⁻⁶ kg·m²
Max measurable load limit	250 (of rated torque)							%			
Static safe load breaking	400 (of rated torque)							%			
Shaft weight, approx											kg
Transducer with shaft weight, approx											kg

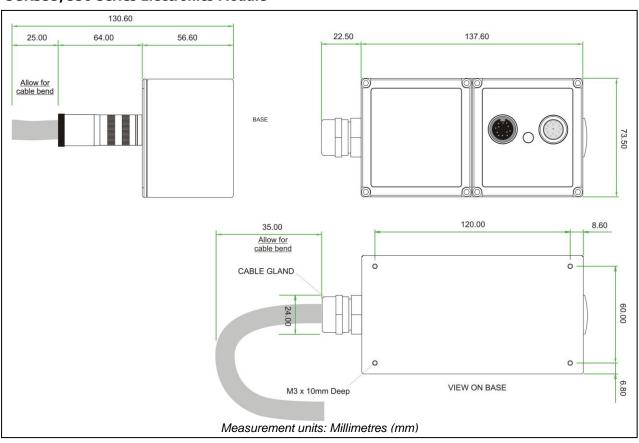
SGR535/536 Series Torque Transducers

Dimensions (100 Nm to 265Nm)



Parameter	Data		Units
Mechanical Pro	operties		
Torque (Max)	175	265	Nm
Shaft Code	FA	FB	
Standard Shaft Type	Squ	are	
Shaft Size (Diameter)	Standard 1	/ ₂ " Square	
Torsional Stiffness	TBC	TBC	KNm/rad
Mass moment of inertia, L _V	TBC	TBC	×10 ⁻⁶ kg·m²
Max measurable load limit	250 (of rat	ed torque)	%
Static safe load breaking	400 (of rat	ed torque)	%
Shaft weight, approx			kg
Transducer with shaft weight, approx			kg

SGR535/536 Series Electronics Module



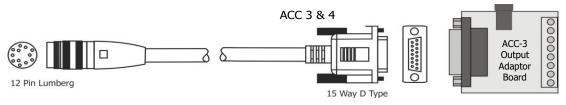
SGR535/536 Series Torque Transducers - Standard Range

• – Standard feature ♦ – Optional feature

	SGR535/536 Series	Option Code	Remarks
Torque, Speed, Power Outputs	SGR535/536		
Torque only	535		
Torque & Speed (360 pulses/rev)	536		
Standard features			
Voltage output ±5v FSD (Fixed)	•	В	
Self Diagnostics	•		
Deep grooved shielded bearings with oil lubrication	•		
Ingress Protection (IP) 54	•		
Optional features			
Voltage output ±1v FSD (Fixed)	♦	Α	In place of Option B
Voltage output ±10v FSD (Fixed)	♦	С	In place of Option B
Customer Specified Voltage Output (Fixed)	♦	U	In place of Option B. User to specify range/scale when ordering
Current output 0-20mA (Fixed)	>	D	In place of Voltage output options
Current output 4-20mA (Fixed)	♦	E	In place of Voltage output options
Current output 12±8mA (Fixed)	♦	V	In place of Voltage output options
High Speed Bearings (See Note 9 below)	\$	J	Compath for the second for the second
Sealed Bearings	♦	S	Consult factory for maximum
Ingress Protection (IP) 65 (See Note 10 below)	\$	L	- speed allowance.

SGR535/536 Series Torque Transducers – Connector and Lead Options

	SGR535/536	Option Code	Remarks/Purpose
Connectors & Leads			
Analog Connector 12 Pin Lumberg (female)	♦	ACC 1	For user to self wire
Analog Lead (Length 2.5m) 12 Pin Lumberg (female) to 15 way 'D' type connector (female)	♦	ACC 3	For connecting SGR to user's system via 15 pin 'D' connector



SGR535/536 Series Torque Transducers – Additional related products

	Code	Remarks/Purpose
Transducer Display ETD	ETD	Display readout
AC Mains Adapter Power Supply	PSU 1	For providing 12-32Vdc
Transducer Signal Breakout Unit	SBU 1	

When ordering a Torque Transducer please note that any torque/FSD is possible between ranges – please specify rated torque and options using the following format:

For example: SGR	535 - 15Nm -	CL	A 'basic' transducer with torque and speed outputs, rated and calibrated to 15Nm FSD, ±10v and IP65 protection.
Your transducer requirement: SGR			
Max speed (if applicable)		RPM	
Connector or Lead options			
Additional related products			

Glossary of terms and definitions used in this datasheet

- Accuracy The degree of conformity of a measured or calculated quantity, which will show the same or similar results. Accuracy of the overall TorqSense system is limited by the combined error of several factors such as linearity, hysteresis, temperature drifts and other parameters affecting measurements. If errors in the system are known or can be estimated, an overall error or uncertainty of measurement can be calculated.
- **Digital averaging** The application of algorithms to reduce white noise. In any electronic system, electronic white noise is mixed with the signal and this noise usually limits the accuracy. To reduce the influence of white noise and increase the accuracy of the system different averaging algorithms can be applied. In the TorqSense system a flying digital averaging technique is applied to reduce the white noise commensurate with the level of accuracy required. However, as any averaging algorithm works as a low pass filter, the more averaging that is applied the lower the frequency response. Therefore, each Torqsense system should be optimised to the customer's requirements by choosing the right combination of accuracy/frequency response. Please see relevant part of the Datasheet and User Manual.
- Note 1: Any torque/FSD is possible between ranges please specify max rated torque.
- Note 2: Max rated torque should not be exceeded.
- Note 3: Please consult factory for applications requiring rotational speeds that exceed maximum figures given. Transducers fitted for IP65 will have running speeds considerably reduced, increased drag torque and accuracy can be affected.
- Note 4: SM Static Mode. Dynamic values will depend upon user application and has to be adjusted accordingly.
- Note 5: Digital averaging can be configured by user to optimise accuracy/frequency response for specific user applications. Digital averaging default setting is N=16. For details see User Manual.
- Note 6: 4kHz approximate sample rate, actual rate may be slightly under.
- Note 7: Output rate figures were calculated from the time taken to capture 100,000 torque readings. Testing was conducted with each connection method configured at its maximum baud rate. Each connection method was tested in isolation on an Intel 7th generation i7 PC running Windows 10. The CAN bus, RS232 and USB interfaces were tested using a stripped-down capture program, while Ethernet was tested via the DLL.
 - USB USB is a host-based bus architecture, because of this the output rate achievable may be affected by other bus traffic and host activity.
 - CAN Bus CAN Bus is a shared bus technology, where other bus traffic may affect the maximum output rate achievable.
 - Ethernet Ethernet carries a much greater overhead than the other connection methods. Ethernet can be affected by dropped packets and other network traffic.
 - The digital output rate does not in any way influence the internal sampling rate of the transducer. The internal sampling and digital interfaces run asynchronously; the digital interface merely copies data from a buffer at the requested rate.
- Note 8: 3 x analog channels are available.
 - Default assignments for an SGR510/SGR520 (torque only) are Channel 0 torque, Channel 1 torque peak, Channel 2 torque auto reset.
 - Default assignments for an SGR51x/SGR52x (torque and speed) are Channel 0 torque auto (torque/torque peak, switched by peak input), Channel 1 speed, Channel 2 power.
 - Voltage/Current scaling set per option selection, or via Transducer Control on advanced models.
- Note 9: At very high speeds, for better balance the factory recommends plain or splined shafts.
- Note 10: Transducers fitted for IP65 will have running speeds considerably reduced, increased drag torque and accuracy can be affected.
- Note 11: The RPM reading update rate is directly related to the square wave frequency produced from a shaft mounted grating passing through an opto switch. The values specified are based on a standard 60-line grating, for models fitted with an angle encoder or different grating size, replace the RPM with the square frequency in Hz. The square wave frequency can be calculated by this formula: SQWaveFrequencyHz = (RPM / 60) x GratingSize (for quadrature-based encoders, double the grating size).